

188a Brockley Road London SE4 2RL Tel: 020 8692 5258

www.chisel.org.uk

BEEVER AND STRUTHERS 15 Bunhill Row London FC1Y 8LP CLIENT:

CHISEL LIMITED

Chartered Accountants

Date of Accounts:

31 March 2022

REPRESENTATIONS REGARDING LIABILITIES AND CERTAIN MATTERS

Date of accounts approval: 28th October 2022

Dear Beever and Struthers,

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Chisel Limited for the year ending 31 March 2022 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the results and financial position of Chisel Limited in accordance with the Association and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, the Statement of Recommended Practice for social housing providers 2018, the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing in England 2019 and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Financial Statements

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities as Audit Committee members, as set out in the terms of your engagement dated 24 October 2022 for preparing financial statements in accordance with the Association and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Statement of Recommended Practice for social housing providers 2018, the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing in England 2019 and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" which give a true and fair view of the financial position of Chisel Limited as of 31 March 2022 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended and for making accurate representations to you.
- 2. We have reviewed our accounting policies for compliance with FRS 102. We are satisfied that the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102.
- We have disclosed all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements and these have been disclosed in accordance with the requirements of accounting standards.
- 4. Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of FRS 102 related party disclosures and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing in England 2019.
- 5. All events since the Statement of Financial Position date which require disclosure or which would materially affect the amounts in the financial statements have been adjusted or disclosed in the financial statements.
- 6. We confirm the financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We believe that those uncorrected misstatements identified during the audit are immaterial both individually and in aggregate to the financial statements as a whole. Uncorrected misstatements are shown below.

BEEVER AND STRUTHERS

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Narrative	Balanc	e Sheet	SoF	A
	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
	£	£	£	£
Rent receivable Debtors Difference between rental income per TB and our expectation		15,838	15,838	
Salaries Salary control account Difference between payroll reports and TB	3,834			3,834
Total	3,834	15,838	15,838	3,834

- 7. We confirm that, having considered our expectations and intentions for the next twelve months, including the impact of current macroeconomic conditions including COVID-19 and the cost of living crisis, and the availability of working capital, Chisel Limited is a going concern. We confirm that the disclosures in the accounting policies are an accurate reflection of the reasons for our consideration that the financial statements should be drawn up on a going concern basis.
- 8. All accounting records and relevant information have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit of the financial statements. We have provided to you all other information requested and given unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you have deemed it necessary to obtain audit evidence. All other records and related information including minutes of all management and shareholders meetings have been made available to you.
- 9. We confirm that we have considered whether the value of any of the assets held on the Statement of Financial Position have been impaired, and where this is the case the asset carrying value has been written down to the recoverable amount as at 31 March 2022. We confirm we are also satisfied with the value of the investment property as disclosed in the financial statements as at 31 March 2022.

Information Provided

- 10. All transactions undertaken by the Association have been properly reflected in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 11. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of controls to prevent and detect fraud. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

BEEVER AND STRUTHERS

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31 March 2022

- 12. We have disclosed to you all information in relation to fraud or suspected fraud that we are aware of and that affects the entity and involves, management, employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others, where fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 13. We have disclosed to you all information in relation to allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- 14. We confirm that we are not aware of any possible or actual instance of non-compliance with those laws and regulations which provide a legal framework within which the Association conduct its business and which could affect the financial statements. The Association have complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of non-compliance.
- 15. We confirm that we have disclosed to you the identity of the entity's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions relevant to the Association that we are aware of.
- 16. The Association have satisfactory title to all assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on the assets except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- 17. There are no liabilities, contingent liabilities or guarantees to third parties other than those disclosed in the financial statements.
- 18. The Association have at no time during the year entered into any arrangement, transaction or agreement to provide credit facilities (including loans, quasi loans or credit transactions) for directors, nor to guarantee or provide security for such matters, except as disclosed in the financial statements.

We confirm to the best of our knowledge and belief that the above representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience and, where appropriate, of inspection of supporting documentation sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can properly make each of the above representations to you.

We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditors and confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information needed by you in connection with preparing your audit report of which you are unaware. The Audit Committee members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Audit Committee members in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

Date



CHISEL LIMITED BOARD REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

REGULATOR FOR SOCIAL HOUSING REGISTRATION NUMBER: L3642

CO-OPERATIVE AND COMMUNITY BENEFIT SOCIETIES ACT 2014 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 25155R

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CHISEL LIMITED LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

BOARD

Louise Owen

Chair - Tenant Member

Carolyn Wilson

Vice-Chair - Tenant Member (resigned May 2022)

Carmen White Joseph Leach

Company Secretary (appointed April 2021)

Jo Van-Der Meer

Co-opted Member (co-opted and appointed May 2022) Tenant Member

Iris Garrelfs Michaela Clare

Tenant Member Independent Member

Marie Kapszewiez

Independent Member (resigned February 2022)

Scott Hyde

Independent Member (Co-opted October 2020 - September 2021, appointed August

Melisa Chester Phil Reynolds

Independent Member (Co-opted June 2021 – Sept 2021, appointed September 2021) Independent Member (Co-opted June 2021 – Sept 2021, appointed September 2021,

resigned January 2022) (resigned February 2022)

Liam Preston

Independent Member (appointed September 2021) (resigned February 2022)

STATUS

The organisation is a Registered Society, registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

Registered Office

188a Brockley Road London

SE4 2RL

Auditors

Beever and Struthers 15 Bunhill Row London EC1Y 8LP

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc

Unity Trust Bank Plc Nine Brindley place Birmingham

PO Box 414 38 Strand London

B1 2HB

WC2H 5JB

Principal Lenders

Orchardbrook Limited

Capita Mortgage Services Limited

Unity Trust Bank Plc Nine Brindley place

Crown House Crown Street

Birmingham B1 2HB

Ipswich Suffolk IP1 3HS

Registered with the Regulator for Social Housing - No. L3642

Registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 - No. 25155R

The Board present their Annual Report and the audited financial statements of CHISEL Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Principal activity

CHISEL is a registered provider of social rented housing; CHISEL's principal activities are to provide housing services for people in housing need.

Financial Review

CHISEL has had a financially successful year with a surplus for the year to 31 March 2022 of £237,714 compared with a surplus of £358,858 in 2021. The Association's net current assets increased from £390,269 in 2021 to £474,660 in 2022 as shown in the statement of financial position on page 14.

The results for the year are shown in the statement of comprehensive income on page 13. The position at the end of the year is shown in the statement of financial position on page 14.

In 2022 in addition to Statement of Comprehensive Income expenditure on repairs, £14,870 (2021: £23,934) was reinvested on component replacements to existing properties.

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic which entailed the closure of the office, staff working remotely with all contact facilitated through electronic media including on-line virtual meetings continued throughout the beginning of the year followed with a post-Covid transitional period during the latter part of the year. This brought considerable challenges managing a block log of repairs within the context of cost-of-living increases. CHISEL has performed well with been significant improvements in several areas most noticeability income collection which has positively impacted the arrears position.

No change in arrangements during the year. Each member, including the Board members, holds one fully paid £1 share in the Association. There are no directors' share options nor has there been any acquisition of the company's own shares. The Association does not issue shares other than the nominal non-refundable £1 shares.

The Association has made no political or charitable gifts during the year. The Association employs less than 250 staff members. Creditors are paid within 30 days unless there is a dispute.

Our Objectives

The Board reviewed Vision and Values in September 2017 and these were launched at our AGM later that month. The revised vision and values are as follows: -

Vision

CHISEL - providing good quality neighbourhood housing for families and single people, where tenants take an active role in decision making.

Our Values

- Focus on what really matters to residents.
- · Treat everybody as we would like to be treated
- Value people as individuals with different needs
- · Being well governed, accountable, independent and financially strong.
- Working collaboratively
- · Striving constantly towards a better service.

From September 2019, the organisation re-affirmed itself as a tenant led organisation by electing a majority of tenants to the Board at the AGM.

Achieving our objectives

CHISEL has a number of key strategies and policies in place to support its objectives:

- Rent Policy the Board is committed to maintaining rents at affordable levels, but also aim to ensure that service charges cover all applicable costs
- Housing Management policies and standards which aim to provide effective quality services to tenants, achieving high levels of tenant satisfaction and assisting tenants to sustain their tenancies

REPORT OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

- Maintenance and asset management policies which maintain our properties in a good state of repair; improve
 elements such as Kitchens and bathrooms on a rolling programme and replace major components such as
 windows and roofs in a timely manner. As part of the business plan from 2018, from the stock condition survey
 of our self-build homes, a provision is made committed to investing in these homes to ensure that they are
 sustainable going forward and to provide good quality homes for the tenants living in these properties
- Resident Engagement Strategy and a tenant led Operational Scrutiny Committee that ensures that we have meaningful engagement with our tenants, and they can influence the work of the association and the services we provide
- An approach to Value for Money (VRM) that enables us to be an effective social business, achieving the
 desired outcomes set out in our vision and values for the best possible cost and maximum benefit to our
 tenants
- CHISEL is committed through the equality and diversity policy and the provisions of the Equalities Act 2010.
 It promotes equality of opportunity by protecting and providing access through tackling discrimination and making reasonable adjustments to employment, to those employed and using its services and valuing diversity in all aspects of its work

Employees

CHISEL's staffing complement during the year consisted of the following fulltime posts: Chief Executive, a Head of Customer Experience and Property, Finance Inclusion Officer, Finance Officer, Customer Experience Officer alongside several short-term interim positions to specific operational demands. We receive technical support through the services of an independent RICS surveyor approx. 1 / 2 days per week.

Pension Provision

The association provides and contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme for all staff through the Social Housing Pension scheme (SHPS).

Health, safety and welfare of tenants and employees

The Board recognises the importance of effective health, safety and welfare for its tenants and employees at work. Appropriate policies are in place for the protection and welfare of the tenants and employees of the Association. We carried out Fire Risk Assessments during 2021 and have implemented recommendations from those assessments. Further to commissioning these reviews, our approach to fire safety and advice to tenants has been considered during the post year end period by the Board to ensure effective mitigation of risk, that appropriate policies are in place and with competent expertise appointed on behalf of CHISEL.

CHISEL has responded to the Covid-19 pandemic. Following the lock down, risk assessments were carried out and staff worked from home, attending the office individually if they need to do so. The office has been deep cleaned and PPE provided for staff to use should the necessity arise. Essential maintenance was carried out during the period of lockdown with priority for health and safety and full compliance of gas safety achieved.

Corporate Governance and Internal Controls

The Board is responsible for the association's system of internal control and reviewing its effectiveness. The system is designed to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss, but it cannot provide absolute assurance or eliminate all risk of failure to achieve business objectives. The Board ensures that the process for identifying, evaluating and managing the risks faced by CHISEL is ongoing. These are regularly reviewed by the Board.

The Board discharges its responsibilities for internal control through the following key procedures:

- The Board has established policies, procedures and standing orders which are regularly reviewed.
- The Board approves CHISEL's business plan and annual budget and monitors the association's financial results against budget by receiving and examining quarterly financial reports.
- Cash flow forecasts are presented to the Board showing CHISEL's projected cash movement s for the coming year.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

- Budgetary control is Chief Executive, who receives regular monthly management accounts. CHISEL has in
 place an organisational structure set out in CHISEL's Financial Standing Orders with formally defined lines of
 responsibility. Day to day budgetary control is operated by individual staff and the Chief Executive as defined
 in CHISEL's Financial Standing Orders which includes delegated authorities. Budgetary control is maintained
 by the senior management team with regular scrutiny by the Audit and Risk Committee. Monthly performance
 data is made available to the full Board.
- Procedures are in place to identify and manage business risks and the Board regularly reviews the risk map.
- Capital investment decisions are made by means of appraisal and approved by Board.
- The Board reviews the effectiveness of CHISEL's system of internal control through the receipt and discussion of regular reports from the Chief Executive and reviews from external providers.

Compliance with the Governance and Financial Viability Standard and the NHF Code of Governance (2015).

CHISEL is committed to compliance with the NHF Code of Governance and the Governance and Financial Viability Standard set by the Regulator of Social Housing in England & Wales (formerly the Homes and Communities Agency). In particular the following controls and activities are in place: -

A Board succession plan, we have actively recruited new Board members,

Board appraisal framework and annual skills audit,

Reviewed our financial business plan and organisation with the help of a leading sector consultancy,

The Board receives quarterly reports regarding CHISEL's compliance with funders covenants

Updated our asset liability register, including data from the self-build stock condition survey undertaken in summer of 2017.

CHISEL is committed to accountability and endorses the principle of openness and accountability through its tenant engagement policy to its tenants and members through its shareholder policy. We have a range of involvement opportunities on offer to our tenants including membership of Tenants' Scrutiny Committee and the Board. Pre-Covid all tenants are invited to the AGM; receive our annual report to tenants and quarterly newsletters and CHISEL remains fully committed to these opportunities being reinstated post-Covid.

The Board confirms that the Association has met Regulator of Social Housing's regulatory expectations in governance and financial viability standard.

It has reviewed the board member information pack given to new board members as part of their induction. All Board members including new Board members have met and been briefed with staff.

Public Benefit Entity

As a public benefit entity, CHISEL Limited has applied the public benefit entity 'PBE' prefixed paragraphs of FRS 102.

Going Concern

The Board have reviewed future forecasts and are satisfied the Association is a going concern. Accordingly, the accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties.

It is difficult to predict with certainty what will impact upon any business but we have identified the following risks which the Board will monitor and actively manage and plan to mitigate their impact:

- Universal Credit which will impact upon some of our tenants and could in turn impact upon our ability to collect rental income
- Poor Asset management not addressing the issues arising out of the self-build stock condition survey
- Social Housing Pension Scheme Pension deficit which will not crystallise until the last staff member leaves the scheme.
- Brexit by way influencing interest rates, property prices, labour markets impacting upon both the materials and services we procure or upon the employment prospects of our tenants.
- Covid-19 pandemic post balance sheet event.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (CONTINUED)

Value for Money

For CHISEL VFM is about spending wisely and making the best use of our resources ensuring we are an effective social business. It is important that CHISEL is able to demonstrate that it delivers Value for Money in its delivery of housing services to its tenants and other stakeholders. Our focus on delivering efficiencies and investing resources where they add value had been through involving our tenants in defining services by continually seeking their feedback both on an individual level and through Tenants' Scrutiny Committee. This enables us to identify our tenant's priorities and shape our services to meet these. As a small housing association getting value for money is very important to us and we have this in the forefront of our minds in all the spending decisions we make.

The previous years Regulator of Social Housing revised regulatory approach to VFM have been followed with the objectives of:

- Continuing to drive improvements in VFM within the social housing sector
- Ensuring a strategic approach to delivering VFM is embedded within the business
- Encouraging investment in existing homes and new housing supply
- Enhancing the consistency, comparability and transparency of VFM reporting

The RSH requires that we report against a prescribed set of metrics. Following last year when these metrics have been introduced, for comparative purposes, we have also included last year's performance. We have the standard metrics as currently shown in the report but intend to add our own ones that we believed were more relevant to CHISEL in the future. We continue to subscribe to the Acuity report and benchmarked us against the BM320 group.

Our Performance against regulatory metrics

RSH Metric	2021-22	2020-21	2021/22 Target	Peer Group Median	Commentary
1. Reinvestment %	0.1%	0.2%	1.4%	1.0%	There were £14,870 of additions in the year which was lower than 20/21 and this is a comparatively low figure.
2A. New Supply Delivered (social housing units) %	-	-	-	-	No new units
2B. New Supply Delivered (non-social housing units) %	-	-	-	-	No new units
3. Gearing %	5.4%	7.3%	5.4%	5.3%	There were capital repayments in the year and cash balances increased by £96.2k.
4. EBITDA MRI interest cover %	512.8%	635.7%	227.7%	610%	The operating surplus decreased in 21/22, as operating costs increased as a result of the Association emerging from the pandemic. Interest payable has also decreased in line with loan capital repayments.
5. Headline social Housing Cost per unit	£3,704	£3,415	£4,826	£4,791	There has been an increase in planned works and management costs.
6A. Operating Margin (social housing lettings only)	17.4%	24.0%	18.6%	17.6%	The operating surplus from SHL decreased for reasons outlined above.
6B. Operating Margin (overall)	17.8%	25.0%	12.7%	17.4%	The overall operating surplus decreased for reasons outlined above.
7. Return on Capital Employed	1.7%	2.5%	1.2%	2.6%	The operating surplus decreased for reasons outlined above.

CHISEL remains part of the BM320 Benchmarking group for small housing associations in London and will continue as part of that group to benchmark performance across a wide range of performance measures that go to make up the wider sector score card. The BM320 publish an annual benchmarking report.

Statement of the Board's Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial Statements

The Board is responsible for preparing the report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and registered social housing legislation require the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and association and of the Income and Expenditure for the period of account.

In preparing these financial statements, the Board is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and association and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Society Act 2014, the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019. It has general responsibility for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the group and association and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the association's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Information for Auditors

We the members of the Board who held office at the date of approval of these Financial Statements as set out above confirm, so far as we are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the Association's auditors are unaware; and we have taken all the steps that we ought to have taken as Board members to make ourselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Signed by order of the Board.

Company Secretary

Date:

CHISEL LIMITED REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CHISEL Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Reserves, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard including FRC Ethical Standard – Provisions Applicable for Smaller Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 8 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Board Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

CHISEL LIMITED REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the society has not kept proper accounting records; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Board's responsibilities statement set out on page 9, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association 's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In identifying and addressing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, our procedures included the following:

- We obtained an understanding of laws and regulations that affect the Association, focusing on those that had a direct effect on the financial statements or that had a fundamental effect on its operations. Key laws and regulations that we identified included the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act, the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered housing providers: Housing SORP 2018, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019, tax legislation, health and safety legislation, and employment legislation.
- We enquired of the Board and reviewed correspondence and Board meeting minutes for evidence of noncompliance with relevant laws and regulations. We also reviewed controls the Board have in place, where necessary, to ensure compliance.
- We gained an understanding of the controls that the Board have in place to prevent and detect fraud. We
 enquired of the Board about any incidences of fraud that had taken place during the accounting period.
- The risk of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud was discussed within the audit team and tests were planned and performed to address these risks.
- We reviewed financial statements disclosures and tested to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations discussed above.
- We enquired of the Board about actual and potential litigation and claims.
- We performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that might indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.
- In addressing the risk of fraud due to management override of internal controls we tested the appropriateness
 of journal entries and assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates were indicative
 of a potential bias.

CHISEL LIMITED REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations and cannot be expected to detect all fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Association, in accordance with section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and Section 128 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Beever and Struthers Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Date: 15 Bunhill Row London EC1Y 8LP

CHISEL LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
Turnover	2	£ 1,486,600	£ 1,579,803
Operating Costs	2	(1,221,442)	(1,184,117)
Operating Surplus		265,158	395,686
Interest Received	6	-	-
Interest Payable	7	(70,975)	(77,797)
Gain/(loss) on disposal of housing property	5	-	-
Increase in value of investment property		43,531	40,969
Surplus/(deficit) before taxation		237,714	358,858
Taxation		-	5
Surplus/(deficit) for the year after taxation	8	237,714	358,858
Other comprehensive income			
Actuarial gain/(loss) in respect of pension schemes		(7,000)	(15,000)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year			
		230,714	343,858

L. OWEN

Chair

M. CLARE

Board Member

WHITE

Secretary

The Statement of Comprehensive Income relates wholly to continuing activities and the notes on pages 17 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHISEL LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Housing Properties	13	14,739,739	15,010,814
Other Fixed Assets Investment Property	14 15	1,497	5,520 509,725
investment roperty	10		000,120
		14,741,236	15,526,059
Current assets		FF0 0F0	
Investment Property Debtors	15 16	553,256 131,870	204,374
Cash and cash equivalents	10	903,920	807,747
			2012-010 - 0
		1,589,046	1,012,121
Less: Creditors:			
Amounts falling due within one year	17	(561,130)	(621,852)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		1,027,916	390,269
Total assets less current liabilities		15,769,152	15,916,328
Creditors:			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(12,016,658)	(12,397,548)
Provisions for liabilities			
Pension- defined benefit liability	12	(28,000)	(25,000)
_			₩ ₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩
Total Net Assets		3,724,494	3,493,780
Capital and reserves			
Share Capital	20	66	66
Revenue Reserves		3,599,832	3,412,649
Revaluation Reserve		124,596	81,065
Total Reserves		3,724,494	3,493,780
		-,: - :, 10 1	

L. OWEN

Chair

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Board Member

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Secretary

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHISEL LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Income and Expenditure	Revaluation Reserve	Total
	Reserve £	£	£
Balance as at 1 April 2020	3,109,760	40,096	3,149,856
Surplus / (deficit) from Statement of Comprehensive Income	302,889	40,969	343,858
Balance at 31 March 2021	3,412,649	81,065	3,493,714
Surplus / (deficit) from Statement of Comprehensive Income	187,183	43,531	230,714
Balance at 31 March 2022	3,599,832	124,596	3,724,428

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHISEL LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2022 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Net cash generated from operating activities (see Note i)	Ĭ	382,973	446,879
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Purchase of investment property Interest received		(14,870) - - -	(23,934)
Cash flow from financing activities Interest paid Issue of ordinary shares Cancellation of shares Repayment of borrowings		368,103 (70,975) - (200,955) (271,930)	422,945 (77,797) - (209,592) (287,389)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		96,173	135,556
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		807,747	672,191
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		903,920	807,747
Note i		Year ended 31 March 2022 £	Year ended 31 March 2021 £
Cash flow from operating activities Surplus / (deficit) for the year Adjustments for non-cash items: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Decrease / (increase) in trade and other debtors Increase / (decrease) in provisions (Gains) / losses on investments Adjustments for investing or financing activities: Government grants utilised in the year Government grants amortised for property sold Interest payable Interest receivable Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Net cash generated from operating activities		230,714 291,360 72,504 (60,722) (43,531) (178,327) - 70,975	343,858 301,136 (57,901) (15,188) 16,473 (40,969) (178,327) - 77,797
not out a generated nom operating activities			

The notes on pages 17 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LEGAL STATUS

CHISEL Limited is incorporated in England under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is registered with the Regulator for Social Housing as a Private Registered Provider of Social Housing. The registered office is 188a Brockley Road, SE4 2RL.

1. Principal Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Association's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) and the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered housing providers: Housing SORP 2018.

The financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2019. The accounts are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting except for investment properties which are held at fair value, and are presented in sterling £.

The Association's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, the Association transitioned from previous UK GAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015.

As a public benefit entity, CHISEL Limited has applied the public benefit entity 'PBE' prefixed paragraphs of FRS 102.

Going concern

The Association's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes an ability to continue operating for the foreseeable future. The Committee have considered the impact of COVID19 on its operations and have concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. No other significant concerns have been noted in the budget and business plan updated for 2021/21. Therefore, the Association's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes an ability to continue operating for the foreseeable future.

Turnover and revenue recognition

Turnover represents rental income receivable, service charges, amortised capital grants and amounts invoiced in respect of the provision of services. All turnover is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Rental income is recognised when the property is available for let, net of voids.

Housing properties

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation.

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where a housing property comprises two or more major components with substantially different useful economic lives (UELs), each component is accounted for separately and depreciated over its individual UEL. Expenditure relating to subsequent replacement or renewal of components is capitalised as incurred.

The Association depreciates freehold housing properties by component on a straight-line basis over the estimated UELs of the component categories. The following UELs are applied:

Component

Structure	100 years
Structure - self build	60 years
Roof	60 years
Roofs grass –self build	25 years
Electric heating	40 years
Bathrooms, windows, doors and electrics	30 years
Kitchens	20 years
Boilers	15 years

1. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

Other fixed assets

Other fixed assets are stated at cost. Depreciation is charged on other tangible fixed assets on a straight-line basis over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Office furniture and fittings	3 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	3 years
Computer software	3 years

A full year's depreciation is charged on these assets in the year of purchase, but no charge is made in the year of disposal.

Social Housing and other government grants

Where developments have been financed wholly or partly by social housing and other grants, the amount of the grant received has been included as deferred income and recognised in turnover over the estimated useful life of the associated asset structure (not land), under the accruals model. SHG received for items of cost written off in the Statement of Comprehensive Income Account is included as part of turnover.

SHG must be recycled by the Association under certain conditions, if a property is sold, or if another relevant event takes place. In these cases, the SHG can be used for projects approved by Homes England and Greater London Authority. However, SHG may have to be repaid if certain conditions are not met. If grant is not required to be recycled or repaid, any unamortised grant is recognised as Turnover. In certain circumstances, SHG may be repayable, and, in that event, is a subordinated unsecured repayable debt.

Capitalisation of interest

Interest on the mortgage loan financing a development is capitalised up to the date of practical completion of the scheme. All costs incurred in the delivery of the Association's development programme are also capitalised.

Provisions

The Association only provides for contractual liabilities.

Investments

Current asset investments include cash and cash equivalents invested for periods of more than 24 hours. They are recognised initially at cost and subsequently at fair value at the reporting date. Any change in valuation between reporting dates is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Investment Property

Investment property in includes commercial and other properties not held for the social benefit of CHISEL Limited. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition, which includes purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure, and subsequently at fair value at the reporting date. The valuation is inflated or discounted annually using the Land Registry House Price Index. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

VAT

The Association is not registered for VAT. All amounts disclosed in the accounts are inclusive of VAT.

Taxation

CHISEL was granted charitable status from 18 April 2005, by virtue of s.478 Corporation Tax Act 2010, the charitable company is exempt from Corporation Tax.

1. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

Impairment

The Board has agreed that Impairment reviews are to be carried out on fixed assets whenever changes in circumstances indicate that the net book value may not be recoverable.

Financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

The following financial instruments are assessed individually for impairment:

- a. All equity instruments regardless of significance; and
- b. Other financial assets that are individually significant.

Other financial instruments are assessed for impairment either individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

An impairment loss is measured as follows on the following instruments measured at cost or amortised cost:

- a. For an instrument measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate
- b. For an instrument measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the best estimate of the amount that the entity would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed either directly or by adjusting an allowance account. The reversal cannot result in a carrying amount (net of any allowance account) which exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income immediately.

Pension costs and provision for pension debt liability

The cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to management expenses over the periods benefiting from the employees' services.

Consistent with the guidance in FRED 71 paragraph 4 (FRS 102 paragraph 28.11B), the difference between the deficit funding liability and the net defined benefit deficit for SHPS has been recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Further disclosures in this area are included in note 12.

Cyclical Repairs and Maintenance

The Association maintains its properties in accordance with a planned programme of works. No provision is made in the accounts for future works but actual costs incurred are charged in the income and expenditure account under the heading of planned maintenance.

Self-Build Premiums

Tenants who built their own properties are entitled to receive a premium payment when they end their tenancy. The amount of the premium depends on the costs incurred on the particular scheme which they built. From 1 April 2004 premium payments are charged in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred.

1. Principal Accounting Policies (continued)

Revaluation Reserve

The revaluation reserve represents the difference of the fair value of the investment property and historical cost as at the purchase date, the movement each year is calculated and the difference posted to the revaluation reserve through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments such as loans, accounts payables, accounts receivables and cash are classified either as basic or complex. All financial instruments are initially measured at their fair values at the time the transactions occur. Subsequently all basic instruments are measured at amortised cost and all complex financial instruments are measured at a fair value through the comprehensive income.

Financial instruments held by the Association are classified as follows:

- Financial assets such as cash are held at cost,
- Financial assets such as current asset investments and receivables are classified as loans and receivables and held at amortised cost using the effective interest method,
- Financial liabilities such as bonds and loans are held at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the Statement of Financial Position date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

- a) Categorisation of housing properties. The Association has undertaken a detailed review of the intended use of all housing properties. In determining the intended use, the Association has considered if the asset is held for social benefit or to earn commercial rentals.
- b) Impairment. The Association has identified a cash generating unit for impairment assessment purposes at a property scheme level.

Other key sources of estimation and assumptions:

- a) Tangible fixed assets. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.
- b) Revaluation of investment properties. The Association carries its investment property at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit and loss. The Association engaged independent valuation specialists to determine fair value at the purchase date, year ended 31 March 2017. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of investment property are further explained in note 15.
- c) Pension and other post-employment benefits. The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and the long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty. In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of corporate bonds in the respective currency with at least AA rating, with extrapolated maturities corresponding to the expected duration of the defined benefit obligation. The underlying bonds are further reviewed for quality, and those having excessive credit spreads are removed from the population bonds on which the discount rate is based, on the basis that they do not represent high quality bonds. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality tables for the specific sector. Future salary increases and pension increases are based on expected future inflation rates for the respective sector. Further details are given in note 12.

2. Turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus

		2022	
	Turnover £	Operating expenditure £	Operating surplus £
Social housing lettings (Note 3)	1,478,235	(1,221,442)	256,793
Activities other than social housing Market rents Other Income	8,365	:	8,365
Total	1,486,600	(1,221,442)	265,158
		2021	
	£	£	£
Social housing lettings (Note 3)	1,558,974	(1,184,117)	374,857
Activities other than social housing Market rents Other Income	20,829	;- -	20,829
Total	1,579,803	(1,184,117)	395,686
			-

3. Turnover and operating expenditure from Social Housing Lettings

4

5

	2022	2021
	£	£
Income Rent receivable Service charge income Amortised government grants	1,259,218 40,690 178,327	1,340,898 39,749 178,327
Turnover from Social Housing Lettings	1,478,235	1,558,974
O constitution and a state of		-
Operating expenditure Management Landlord Rent Routine maintenance Planned maintenance Bad debts Services Depreciation of housing properties	556,160 84,386 158,430 61,044 5,745 69,732 285,945	479,852 93,490 200,199 15,475 46,806 57,931 290,364
Operating expenditure on Social Housing Lettings	1,221,442	1,184,117
Operating Surplus on Social Housing Lettings	256,793	374,857
Void losses (being rental income lost as a result of property not being let, although it is available for letting) Accommodation owned, managed and in development	29,092	21,971
2022		2021
No. of properties Owned Managed	No. Owned	of properties Managed
Social Housing Under management at end of year General Needs housing 225 29	225	29
Non-Social Housing Under management at end of year Market Rent 1 -	1	-
	226	29
Gain/ (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2022	2021
Proceeds of sale Less: Costs of sale	£ - -	£ - -
Surplus		
Capital Grant Recycled (note 24)	-	

6. Interest Receivable and similar income

٠.	more of the contact o		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Interest Receivable	(-)	-
7.	Interest Payable and Similar Charges		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Interest payable on Housing Loans	70,975	77,797
		70,975	77,797
0	Completed (definite) are audinous activities		
8.	Surplus/ (deficit) on ordinary activities		
		2022 £	2021 £
	The operating surplus is stated after charging/(crediting): Auditors remuneration (excluding VAT)	_	~
	In their capacity as auditors	8,602	8,200
	In respect of other services Depreciation of Housing Properties	1,135 285,945	1,082 290,364
	Depreciation of Other Fixed Assets	5,415	10,772

In common with many organisations of our size and nature we use our auditors to assist with the preparation of the financial statements, as permitted under the FRC's Ethical Standard 2016 Section 6: Provisions Available for Audits of Small Audits.

9. Tax on Surplus/ (deficit) on ordinary activities

CHISEL was granted charitable status from 18 April 2005, by virtue of s.478 Corporation Tax Act 2010, the charitable company is exempt from Corporation Tax.

10. Directors' remuneration

	2022	2021
	£	£
The aggregate compensation paid to or receivable by Directors (key management personnel)	67,497	92,440
The emoluments paid to the highest paid Director excluding pension contributions	62,808	50,320

No emoluments were paid to any Board member

The Director Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the pension scheme. The pension scheme is a defined contribution scheme funded by annual contributions by the employer and employee. No enhanced or special terms apply. There are no additional pension arrangements. A contribution by CHISEL of $\pounds4,690$ (2021: £757) was paid in addition to the personal contributions of the Director.

11. Employee information

The average number of persons employed during the year expressed in full time equivalents (35 hours per week) was:	2022 No.	2021 No.
Number Full time equivalents	5.75 5.28	6.83 4.0
	2022 £	2021 £
Staff costs (for the above persons) Wages and salaries Social Security Costs Other pension costs	232,580 23,787 14,482	179,055 18,248 16,782
	270,849	214,085
Aggregate number of full time equivalent staff whose	No.	No.
remuneration exceeded £60,000 in the period: £60,000 - £70,000 £70,001 - £80,000 £80,001 - £90,000	1 - -	1 - 1
And the state of t		

12. Pension Obligations

The Pensions Trust - Social Housing Pension Scheme

The Association participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme ('SHPS'), a defined benefit multi-employer pension scheme administered by TPT Retirement Solutions ('TPT'). The accounting policy in relation to SHPS is set out on page 19.

Present Values of Defined Benefit Obligation, Fair Value of Assets and Defined Benefit Asset (Liability)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	(£000s)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets	128	138
Present value of defined benefit obligation	156	163
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(28)	(25)
Unrecognised surplus	-	
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(28)	(25)
Deferred tax	*	*
Net defined benefit asset (liability) to be ecognised	*.	*

Reconciliation of the Impact of the Asset Ceiling

	Period ended
	31 March 2022
	(£000s)
Impact of asset ceiling at start of period	
Effect of the asset ceiling included in net interest cost	
Actuarial losses (gains) on asset ceiling	
Impact of asset ceiling at end of period	

12. Pension Obligations (continued)

Reconciliation of the Impact of the Asset Ceiling

	Period ended 31 March 2022	
	(£000s)	
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	163	
Current service cost		
Expenses	3	
Interest expense		
Contributions by plan participants		
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience		
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(3	
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(9	
Benefits paid and expenses	(5	
Liabilities acquired in a business combination		
Liabilities extinguished on settlements		
Losses (gains) on curtailments		
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes		
Exchange rate changes		
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	15	

Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of the Fair Value of Plan Assets

	Period ended
	31 March 2022
	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	138
Interest income	3
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	(14)
Contributions by the employer	6
Contributions by plan participants	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(5)
Assets acquired in a business combination	=
Assets distributed on settlements	=
Exchange rate changes	-
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	128

12. Pension Obligations (continued)

The actual return on the plan assets (including any changes in share of assets) over the period ended 31 March 2022 was (£11,000).

Defined Benefit Costs Recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income (SOCI)

	Period from	
	31 March 2021 to	
	31 March 2022	
	(£000s)	
Current service cost	-	
Expenses	2	
Net interest expense	=	
Losses (gains) on business combinations	= 1 = -	
Losses (gains) on settlements	=	
Losses (gains) on curtailments	=	
Losses (gains) due to benefit changes	-	
Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of comprehensive income (SoCI)	2	

Defined Benefit Costs Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

	Period ended 31 March 2022 (£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	(14)
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	(5)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	3
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	9
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	(7)
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	-
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	(7)

12. Pension Obligations (continued)

Assets

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	(£000£)	(£000s)
Global Equity	25	22
Absolute Return	5	3
Distressed Opportunities	5	4
Credit Relative Value	4	4
Alternative Risk Premia	4	Į.
Fund of Hedge Funds		
Emerging Markets Debt	4	6
Risk Sharing	4	4
Insurance-Linked Securities	3	1
Property	4	
Infrastructure	9	:
Private Debt	3	3
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	4	3
High Yield	1	9
Opportunistic Credit	단	
Corporate Bond Fund	9	:
Liquid Credit	.	8
Long Lease Property	3	
Secured Income	5	- 1
Over 15 Year Gilts	-	
Liability Driven Investment	37	3
Currency Hedging	(1)	
Net Current Assets	20	
Total assets	128	13

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

12. Pension Obligations (continued)

Key Assumptions

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	% per annum	% per annum
Discount Rate	2.79%	2.12%
Inflation (RPI)	3.70%	3.31%
Inflation (CPI)	3.25%	2.84%
Salary Growth	4.25%	3.84%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at etirement	75% of maximum allowance	75% of maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2022 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectar at age 65	
	(Years)	
Male retiring in 2022	21.1	
Female retiring in 2022	23.7	
Male retiring in 2042	22.4	
Female retiring in 2042	25.2	

13. Housing Properties

	Total Housing Properties
	£
Cost At 1 April 2021 Additions Disposals – components	20,307,216 14,870 (6,507)
At 31 March 2022	20,315,579
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal – components	5,296,402 285,945 (6,507)
At 31 March 2022	5,575,840
Net Book Value Net Book Value at 31 March 2022	14,739,739
Net Book Value at 1 April 2021	15,010,814
Net book value of housing properties comprise Freehold Long Leasehold	14,529,237 210,502
Works to existing properties in the year Improvement works capitalised Components capitalised Amounts charged to expenditure	14,870 219,474

The aggregate amount of interest and finance costs included in the cost of housing properties is £Nil. The net book value of other fixed assets includes £Nil (2021: £Nil) in respect of assets held under finance leases.

14. Other Fixed Assets

15.

Gain/(loss) from adjustment in valuation

At 31 March 2022

	Housing Property Furniture and Fittings	Office Equipment	Computer Software	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost At 1 April 2021 Additions Disposals	41,311 - -	63,402	73,969 1,392	178,682 1,392
At 31 March 2022	41,311	63,402	75,361	180,074
Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2021 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal At 31 March 2022	40,907 188 - 41,095	58,286 4,768 - - - - - - - -	73,969 459 - 74,428	173,162 5,415 -
	41,095	======		=====
Net Book Value Net Book Value at 31 March 2022	216	348	933	1,497
Net Book Value at 1 April 2021	404	5,116	-	5,520
Investment Property			2022	2021
			£	£ 2021
At 1 April 2021 Additions			509,725	468,756

Investment properties were valued at May 2016 by Brett Gardner professional qualified external valuer. The valuation of properties was undertaken in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors Valuation Standards. The change in valuation since then are based on the movements in Annual House Price Index each year.

43,531

553,256

40,969

509,725

The property has been treated as a current asset as the Board have approved the sale of the property and this is expected to occur prior to 31 March 2023.

16.	Trade and other debtors		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Arrears of rent and service charges – tenants Less: provision for bad debts Arrears of rent and service charges – managed lettings Less: provision for bad debts Prepayments and accrued income Other Debtors	130,106 (78,902) 1,915 - 13,151 168,167 (102,567)	165,332 (116,131) 1,843 (330) 27,125 192,954 (66,419)
	Less: provision for other debtors		
	Debtors are all due within one year	131,870	204,374
17.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022 £	2021 £
	Trade Creditors Housing Loans (Note 18b) Rents and service charges paid in advance – tenants Rents and service charges paid in advance – managed lettings Other taxation and social security Deferred Capital Grant (Note 24) Other Creditors and accruals Recycled Capital Grand Fund (Note 25)	42,517 186,734 46,689 7,814 5,783 178,327 19,484 73,782	107,127 186,995 50,353 6,211 4,363 178,327 14,694 73,782
18.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Housing Loans (Note 18b) Deferred Capital Grant (Note 24) Recycled Capital Grant Fund (Note 25)	1,510,835 10,505,823	1,713,398 10,684,150
		12,016,658	12,397,548
18b.	Loan Analysis		
	Loans repayable by instalments:	2022 £	2021 £
	Within one year (Note 17) In one year or more but less than two years In two years or more and less than five years In five years or more	186,734 144,566 355,836 1,010,433	186,995 187,209 393,267 1,132,922
	Total Loans	1,697,569	1,900,393

19. Provision for Liabilities

The association recognises provisions and liabilities of uncertain timing or amounts. Provisions is made for specific and quantifiable liabilities, measured at the best estimate of expenditure and only where probable that it is required to settle a legal or constructive obligation that existed at the Statement of Financial Position date.

	At beginning of the year Increase in provision Release of provision	2022 £ - -	2021 £ 27,473 - (27,473)
	At 31 March 2022	-	
20.	Non-equity share capital	2022 £	2021 £
	Allotted Issued and Fully Paid At 1 April 2021 Issued during the year Cancelled during the year	66	66

The par value of each share is £1. The shares do not have a right to any dividend or distribution in a winding-up, and are not redeemable. Each share has full voting rights. All shares are fully paid.

21. Capital Commitments

	2022 £	2021 £
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements	=	-
Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the Board but has not yet been contracted for	=	=

Chisel expects these commitments to be finance by the cash balance.

22. Operating Leases

CHISEL holds office and scheme equipment under non-cancellable operating leases. As at 31 March 2022 CHISEL had commitments of future minimum lease payments as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Land and Buildings In one year or more but less than two years In two years or more and less than five years In five years or more	19,500 19,500 -	16,000 32,000
Others: In one year or more but less than two years In two years or more and less than five years In five years or more	300 900 30,900	300 900 31,200
	71,100	80,400

23. Contingent Liabilities

Self-Build Premiums

Tenants who build their own properties are entitled to receive a premium when they end their tenancy. At 31 March 2022 there were 22 such tenancies and the potential liability at that date was £149,915 (2021 £137,341). Premium payments are charged in the statement of comprehensive income as incurred in accordance with the accounting policy.

Social Housing Pension Scheme

Chisel has been notified by the Trustee of the Scheme that it has performed a review of the changes made to the Scheme's benefits over the years and the result is that there is uncertainty surrounding some of these changes. The Trustee has been advised to seek clarification from the Court on these items. This process is ongoing, and the matter is unlikely to be resolved before the end of 2024 at the earliest. It is recognised that this could potentially impact the value of Scheme liabilities, but until Court directions are received, it is not possible to calculate the impact of this issue, particularly on an individual employer basis, with any accuracy at this time. No adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.

24. Deferred Capital Grant

24.	Deferred Capital Grant	2022 £	2021 £
	At 1 April 2021 Grant received in the year Released to Income in the year Recycled Capital Grant	10,862,477 (178,327)	11,040,804 - (178,327)
	Grant amortised for property sold		-
	At 31 March 2022	10,684,150	10,862,477
	Amount due to be released < 1 year Amount due to be released > 1 year	178,327 10,505,823	178,327 10,684,150
	The total accumulated government grant	10,684,150	10,862,477
		_	
	The total accumulated government grant and financial assistance received or receivable at 31 March:	14,904,138	14,904,138
25.	Recycled Capital Grant Fund		
		2022 £	2021 £
	At 1 April Grant recycled	73,782	73,782
	,		18112
	At 31 March	73,782	73,782
		Name and Address of the Owner, when the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, which	-

26. Related Parties

The following are related parties:

Chisel supports tenant involvement and as part of this commitment, up to one third of the Board may be tenants of Chisel. Through the self-build programme Chisel has issued tenancies that have premiums payable on surrender of the tenancy with vacant possession. The amounts of the premiums vary and can be several thousand pounds. During the year to 31 March 2022 only the Chair of the Board, Louise Owen, held a self-build tenancy, but no premium payments were made to any Board member in the financial year 2021-22.

The Board has tenant members who hold tenancy agreements on normal terms and cannot use their position to their advantage. Rent charged to the tenant Board members during the year was £16,865 (2021: £21,493). Arrears on their tenancy at the reporting period end were £318 (2021: £1,740).

Related party balances are not secured.

27. Financial Instruments

The Association's financial instruments may be analysed as follows	2022 £	2021 £
Financial Assets Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Investment Property	553,256	509,725
Financial Assets Measured at Cost Cash and Cash Equivalents	903,920	807,747
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost Rent and Service Charge Debtors Other Debtors	53,119 78,751	50,714 153,660
Total Financial Assets	1,589,046	1,521,846
Financial Liabilities Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost Trade Creditors Other Creditors Housing Loans Payable	42,517 19,484 1,697,569	107,127 19,058 1,900,393
Total Financial Liabilities	1,759,570	2,026,578

28. Legislative Provisions

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. (The status of the Association is as a "Registered Society").

29. Analysis of Changes in Net Debt

	At 1 April	Cash Flows	Non-Cash Movements	At 31 March 2022
	2021		Movements	2022
	£	£	£	£
Cash and Cash Equivalents	807,747	96,173	-	903,920
Housing Loans Due in One Year	(186,995)	185,995	(186,734)	(186,734)
Housing Loans Due After One Year	(1,713,398)		202,563	(1,510,835)
	(1,092,646)	282,168	15,829	(793,649)